

SENATORS MAKE ATTACK ON WORK OF COMMITTEE

(Continued From First Page.)

The Delegate from Nansmond, and understood to be the joint work of himself, the Delegate from Campbell and the Delegate from Elizabeth City, furnished the members the merriest quarter of an hour they have enjoyed this session.

The Senate, too, had a half hour of levity over the discussion of the so-called safety match bill of the Senator from Prince George. That gentleman was very much in earnest about the measure, and spoke for it with considerable force and feeling, but the Senate was inclined to treat the matter lightly. After one or two ungenerous remarks had been offered, and quite a number of Senators' questions asked, the Senate put an order of a refusal to answer. But the Senator from Prince George insisted, with his springing gait, that the people of the State were at fault for his measure and would make it hot for the Senators who opposed it.

At the night session, however, a very different scene was enacted. After passing some bills designed to strengthen the hands of the State Corporation Commission, the conference report on the appropriation bill was brought up and discussed in dead earnest.

It soon became apparent that a large number, perhaps a majority, of the Senate were against the report. As predicted yesterday, the conferees recommended two normal schools for women, one at Harrisonburg, with an appropriation of \$50,000, and the other at Fredericksburg, with an appropriation of half that amount, to be available next year. It was forcibly contended by a number of Senators that no normal school was needed; that certainly two were not needed, but, on the contrary, that both houses had, in effect, declared for only one; that the conference committee had exceeded their powers in providing for two, as there had been no disagreement upon the proposition to establish one, and that the matter was a compromise and a pooling of interests between the two chief conflicting towns. Strong objection was also made to the recommendation that the attorney for the Corporation Commission be appointed by that body, subject to confirmation by the Governor. This objection was made on the ground that executive confirmation was a new departure in Virginia, and would have a tendency to make the appointment a political matter.

Some reductions of the appropriation to primary schools evoked a protest, as did the curtailing of the proposed salary of the Attorney-General, and the elimination of the appropriation for the negro exhibit and museum. Things were looking exceedingly equally for the report, when the Senator from Rockingham, the chairman of the Finance Committee, arose to reply to the objections.

He was proceeding peacefully enough, when a hubbub was heard in the lobby, and it became evident that the members of the House, who had wound up their session in a romp, were moving upon the Senate in a catatonic spirit. Thereupon the Senate adjourned, while it could do so with dignity, and retired in good order.

May Reject It.

Unless there is a change in the sentiment of the Senate the conference report will be rejected, and a new conference ordered. The personnel of the conference committees may or may not be changed. It is likely that there will be some change, but not likely

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:: Sessions of the Two Houses ::

Following prayer by the Rev. W. C. James, pastor of Grove Avenue Baptist Church, the House of Delegates spent a long and busy morning in the consideration of uncontented bills, mainly of a local nature. Under the rule adopted, ten objections passed any measure by, and there seemed to be much opposition to the adoption of any bills, whatever they might be. Senate bill No. 354, adding another chapter to the act concerning the Bureau of Insurance, which was lost on Friday afternoon, was again called up on a motion to reconsider, and was discussed by Messrs. Caton, Byrd, Pulfam, Wingo, Martin Williams and others. The main question involved seemed to be whether appeal from the Commissioner of Insurance should be to the Corporation Commission, as the bill provides, or to a Circuit Court. The amendment was favored by the members from the Southwest, who objected

that the next report will be materially different from the present one. Certainly, as to the normal schools, it is apprehended that the conference will stand pat. Still another conference may be ordered, and another, and another, but unless the wind changes

mightily the two schools will be provided for, or the appropriation bill will not pass. A session of the Legislature without appropriations would be Hamlet without the Prince of Denmark. The officers and institutions of the State cannot live without a living.

Major Moses Green called up his bill, defining a lawful fence one four feet high. He declared that there was hardly a fence 100 yards long in the State that was five feet high. The bill was passed—yes, 46; noes, 5.

A bill to grant permission to supervisors to raise the salary of the taken-up intendents of the poor was taken up on its order and passed—yes, 57; noes, 2.

Mr. Griffith, of Russell, called up a bill to provide for the working of the roads of his county. Although this was purely a local measure, the Democratic side, led by Mr. Stuart, of Washington, strenuously objected, asserting

to the expense of coming to Richmond to take an appeal, but it was lost. An amendment making the fee on insurance agents 50 cents, instead of \$1, was also lost, and the bill was then passed—yes, 61; noes, 2.

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that to pass the bill would make the machinery of the county Republican. The bill was passed by a vote of 51 yeas and 2 noes.

Mr. Daniel called up and secured the passage of a bill to require owners of peanut-cleaning machines and cotton gins to furnish suitable sponge shields to prevent the operator from inhaling dust. It was called up a bill reported by the Committee for Courts of Justice, directing when juries should be kept together, their rate of board and how paid. The rate of board for juries kept together was changed to \$1.25 a day, and the bill as amended was passed—yes, 51; noes, 11.

Later in the day the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice recommended to that branch that the bill should not pass.

Mr. Barrett called up a bill to invest the State Corporation Commission with power to regulate pilothage charges. The House refused to consider the bill, and it was again passed by.

Board of Control.

Mr. Jennings, of Lynchburg, called up a bill authorizing cities to establish an executive commission, and defining its powers and duties. After brief discussion, the bill, which gives cities the authority to establish a board of control and to delegate to it certain duties of the City Council, was passed—yes, 53; noes, 2.

Mr. Throckmorton called up House bill 313, providing for ascertaining the amount of delinquent taxes chargeable against each piece of tract or land in the State, requiring registration and arranging for its collection. The bill, to which there was much objection, was passed by a large vote.

Mr. Throckmorton then called up a bill establishing a uniform system of book-keeping and auditing, and providing for the election of a State Auditor, defining his duties, and calling for the examination of the books of all cities, towns, and counties.

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MRS. MARY MEYER, Thomson Avenue, near Shell Road, Winfield, L. I. N. Y., writes:

"I have been annoyed with a cough for years. Often it was so bad that I could not sleep half the night. Many people thought I had consumption."

"A woman recommended Peruna to me two years ago. I began to take Peruna, and now I am perfectly free from a cough. I am glad to say that Peruna cured me entirely."

"I take Peruna occasionally, when I do not feel well, and I also give it to my children."

"Peruna is the best medicine for coughs and colds. I have told many people how much Peruna has helped me."

Mrs. Hettie Green, R. R. No. 6, Iuka, Ill., writes as follows of the efficacy of Peruna:

"Last November I had catarrh and felt so miserable I thought that I would never get into consumption."

"I tried so many doctors and medicines, but nothing did me any good, only Peruna."

"After I began the use of Peruna, I began to improve in every way. My head did not hurt so much, my stomach is all right, my bowels are regular, my appetite good, my complexion clear, my eyes are bright, and am gaining in flesh and strength."

"I think Peruna has no equal as a catarrh remedy."

Peruna tends to lessen the rough, decreases the expectoration, strengthens the patient, increases the appetite and in many cases procures sound, refreshing sleep.

H. M. Rogers, of Rockingham, and Mr. M. M. Johnson, of Warren, both of whom are reported to be quite sick, have written to the editor of the Times-Dispatch, asking for proper instruction in forestry in the public schools and educational institutions of the Commonwealth.

Mr. Caton called up his rolling stock bill and its provisions were discussed at length by Messrs. Cox and Hunt. By a large vote the motion was passed by, and the bill is hopelessly snowed under for this session.

Mr. Curlett called up his bill to prohibit the publication of obscene and filthy matter, and providing a penalty therefor. After a brief discussion, the bill was passed—yes, 54; noes, 28.

An amendment offered by Mr. Goodrich, of Fredericksburg, reduced the fine from \$500 to \$250.

Much Confusion.

Oyster legislation came into the discussion of the House when Mr. Curlett called up the bill to break the Bay survey, and to rearrange the lines of the oyster division.

Mr. Curlett declared that the bill really preserved the Bay survey, straightening its lines and adding the oyster industry. Mr. Love, of Loudoun, also favored the bill.

Mr. Love, of Loudoun, moved to pass by receiving only eight yeas, and after a stormy parliamentary tangle, the reading of the bill was dispensed with, and by a vote—yes, 50; noes, 10—it was put on its passage.

Mr. Cooke, of Norfolk, offered several amendments, and in the midst of the discussion the chair was vacated until 8 o'clock.

Night Session.

It was nearly 8:30 o'clock before a sufficient number of Delegates had assembled to form a quorum of the House.

The Senate resolution permitting the removal of the Confederate flags now in the lobby of the State Capitol to the Confederate Museum, known as the "White House of the Confederacy," was concurred in. The danger of the loss or destruction of the valuable relics as at present kept was pointed out.

MISS BEULAH B. BROOME.

Miss Beulah B. Broome, 403 Twelfth St., N. E., Washington, D. C., writes:

"I have suffered from weak lungs and catarrhal troubles for four years, brought on by many neglected colds, but on the recommendation of a friend I gave Peruna an honest trial, and I am pleased to state that it restored me to perfect health."

"I unhesitatingly give this testimony."

Mrs. William Hohmann, 559 North Paulina St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I suffered with catarrh of the bronchial tubes and had a terrible cough ever since a child. For a while it got so bad I had to cough both winter and summer. Finally, I burst a blood vessel in my throat from the strain of coughing, next a blood vessel in my stomach, so I kept getting worse and worse, and even then could get no relief. I thought, and everybody else, that I had consumption."

"Reading the papers about Peruna, I decided to try it, without the least bit of hope that it would do me any good. But after taking three bottles I noticed a change. My appetite got better, so I kept on, never got discouraged."

"Finally I seemed not to cough so much, and the pains in my chest got better. I am well now. I cannot tell you how grateful I am, and I cannot thank Peruna enough. It has cured chronic colds, is well known. This ranks Peruna as a reliable prophylactic against consumption."

bill on behalf of his constituents, characterizing the measure as "iniquitous," and charging that the "gentleman from Frederick had attempted to prevent the Tidewater delegation from expressing its views," although this was a bill affecting only Tidewater interests, and "calculated to rob Tidewater Virginia of 4,000 acres of natural oyster rock."

Mr. Love, of Loudoun, told of the work of the Commission of Fisheries, and said that the bill had the support of the commission, and was designed merely to straighten the lines of the survey in order that the police boats might more effectively protect the licensed tongers from oyster pirates.

Mr. Evans contended that the passage of the bill would throw out 4,000 acres of natural rock for the benefit of large corporations, and would not in any way straighten the lines of the survey.

Mr. Old spoke in favor of the bill, saying that it was supported by a large delegation from Norfolk and vicinity. He was not in favor of an entire breaking of the Bay survey, but argued for the passage of the bill, as it was supported by the fish commission.

Mr. Rew, chairman of the Committee on the Chesapeake and Its Tributaries, described the bill as the most iniquitous on the calendar.

He said that his committee had been misinformed and misled as to the effect of the measure, and that he was utterly opposed to it. "It is introduced here," he declared, "entirely in the interests of an outside and interested lobby."

Mr. Goffigan, of Warwick, protested

MISS JOSIE SCHAETZEL.

Miss Josie Schatzel, General Delivery, Appleton, Wisconsin, writes:

"I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs in very short order, and it was not long until it developed into a serious case of catarrh. Every morning I would raise a lot of phlegm, which was very disagreeable. My dissection was put on my lungs sore."

"After a few doses of Peruna I began to mend, and felt that if I kept on taking it it would not be long until I would be well. I was right, for in four weeks I was well again."

"I think Peruna is a grand medicine, and wish to add my testimony to the many others you have."

The fight against consumption is becoming a national problem.

Everywhere we hear of sanitariums established at the expense of the State for the treatment of the vast army of consumptives.

The open-air treatment, fresh air and sunlight are recognized by the medical profession generally as being the greatest necessities in the treatment of consumption in all its stages.

Dr. Hartman has for many years advocated the fresh air treatment for consumption. At the same time he has recognized Peruna as a useful palliative for the many distressing symptoms which accompany the white lungs.

The promptness with which Peruna relieves a fresh cold, and even removes chronic colds, is well known. This ranks Peruna as a reliable prophylactic against consumption.

against the breaking of the survey, saying that his county was the most interested, and was opposed to the change.

Mr. Curlett, of Lancaster, defended the bill, declaring that it was constitutional, and would meet an emergency situation.

The amendment of Mr. Rew making the rental not less than \$2 per acre per year in parcels not exceeding 200 acres each, was carried.

The bill was then put on its passage as amended, and was defeated—yes, 22; noes, 33. By a large vote the House refused to reconsider.

A Senate bill to prescribe a form of tax to be used by the treasurer of Frederick county was taken up out of its order and passed.

Other Matters.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Chatham was called up by Mr. Stubbs, of Gloucester, and was passed as was the bill to incorporate the town of Elkton, in Rockingham county.

A bill to provide for the disposal of copies of the printed debates of the Constitutional Convention by giving copies to each of the members of the present General Assembly was passed.

Mr. Luce called up his bill to establish a uniform system of bookkeeping and accounting, and to provide for the election of a State accountant. It was opposed by Judge Martin Williams, who objected to "whippersnapper experts from the cities coming into the counties like detectives to charge fraud against local officers not prepared for an inspection." The bill was defended by Mr. Throckmorton, of Henrico, but

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

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By using Foso. Sometimes a single stop will do it. If it thoroughly applied. All scalp diseases quickly yield to this treatment. A trial will speedily convince you.

No More Gray Hair

Foso Hair and Scalp Remedy brings your hair back to its natural color, stops falling hair, and promotes a true hair for that destroys the cause of the trouble and assists nature to supply the pigment or coloring matter. Why look old before your time?

Food for Hair

Is as necessary as for the body. Hair, lacking proper nourishment, gets dry, brittle and dull in appearance. Life and gloss disappear when the food elements required are lacking, and the scalp is not able to supply the same. Foso invigorates and promotes what nature demands. Good hair is an index to good health.

Falling Hair is Sick Hair.

Foso remedies it, makes hair healthy, stops falling hair, and promotes a true hair for that destroys the cause of the trouble and assists nature to supply the pigment or coloring matter. Why look old before your time?

Baldheads Rejoice

When they try Foso. Thousands of men and women who had been bald for years now have a beautiful head of hair grown by the proper use of Foso, which is the great and famous treatment for all diseases of the hair and scalp. Foso also insures a luxuriant growth to eyebrows and eyelashes.

Why Comb Out Hairs

When you can keep them? When the scalp is put in a healthy condition, roots nourished and scalp cleaned by using Foso, the hair will stop coming out and grow in thicker and glossier.

Healthy Hair is Moist. Is Yours?

If the natural oil is lacking, your hair will become dry, harsh, brittle and split. Foso gets at the trouble by assisting nature to put in a healthy condition the parts that come into play in supplying the oil and properly distributing the same. Try it once, you'll use it all the time.

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For Women

50c Turkish Slippers, 25c.
\$1.00 for Patent and Kid lace and button regular \$2.00 and \$3.50 shoes.
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98c—Table full of small sizes of \$2.00 and \$3.50 shoes.
75c for \$1.50 Felt Slippers.
21c for Misses' House Slippers, worth 50c.
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25c Infants' Sox, fast black, 12 1/2c.
12 1/2c Infants' Sox, fast black, 7 1/2c.
One lot of Ladies' 500 Black Hose, 29c.
Boys' 25c Extra Ribbed Hose, 17 1/2c.
\$1.00 Silk Hose (colored), 69c.
10c Cork Soles, 7 1/2c.

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